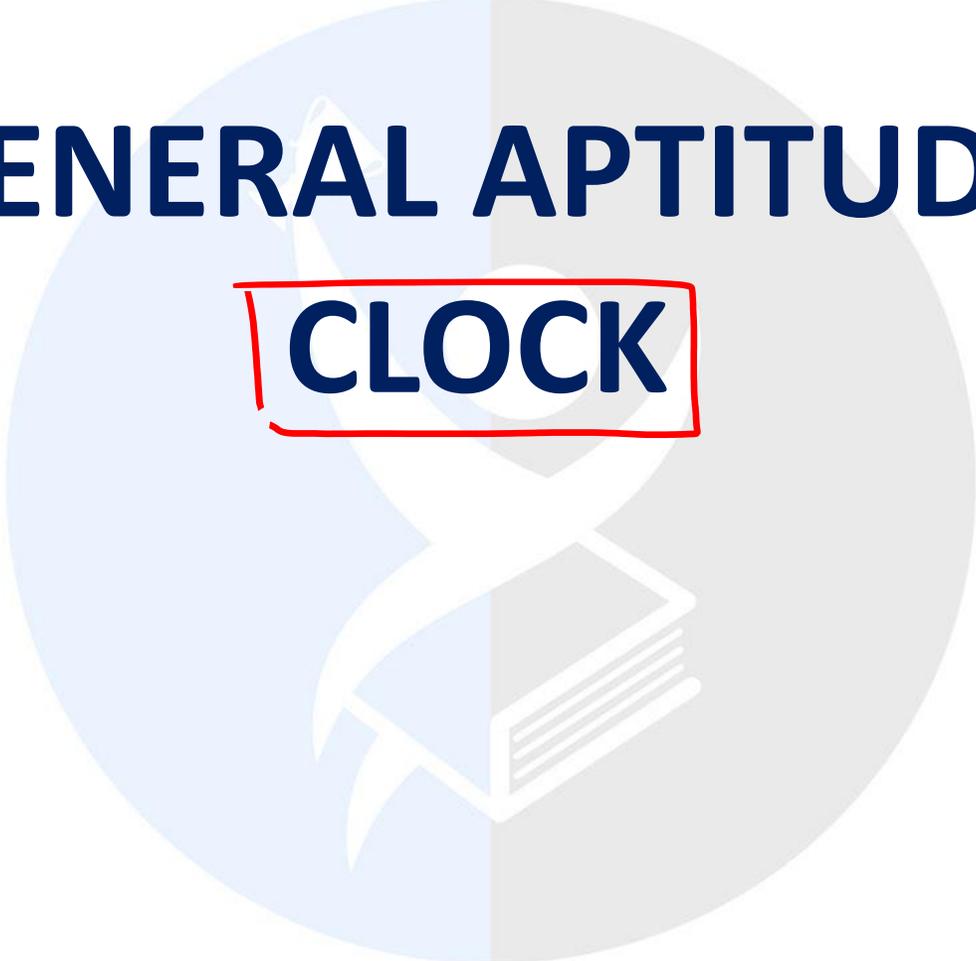


GENERAL APTITUDE

CLOCK

A large, light blue and grey circular graphic in the background. The left half is light blue and the right half is light grey. In the center, there is a white silhouette of a clock face with hands, and below it, a stack of books.

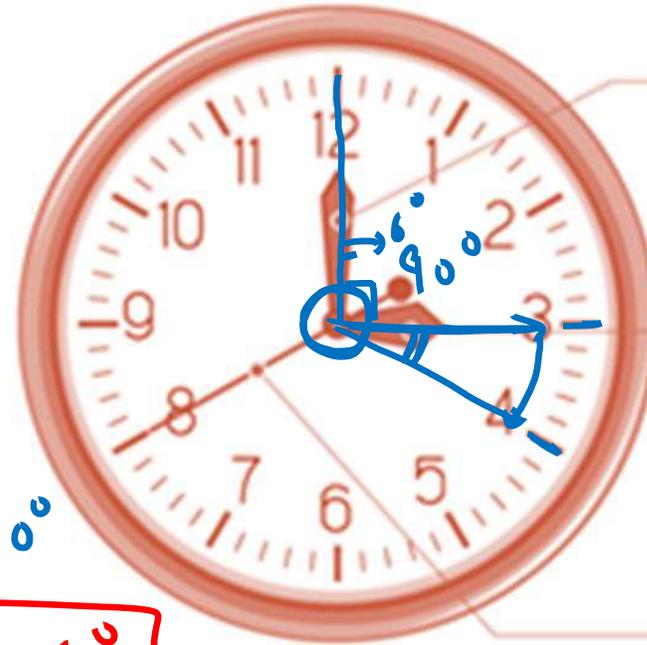


1 Hour

$$60 \rightarrow \frac{360^\circ}{60} = 6^\circ$$

$$6 \times 5 = 30^\circ$$

1 min \equiv 6°



Minute Hand

3:00

Hour Hand

Second Hand

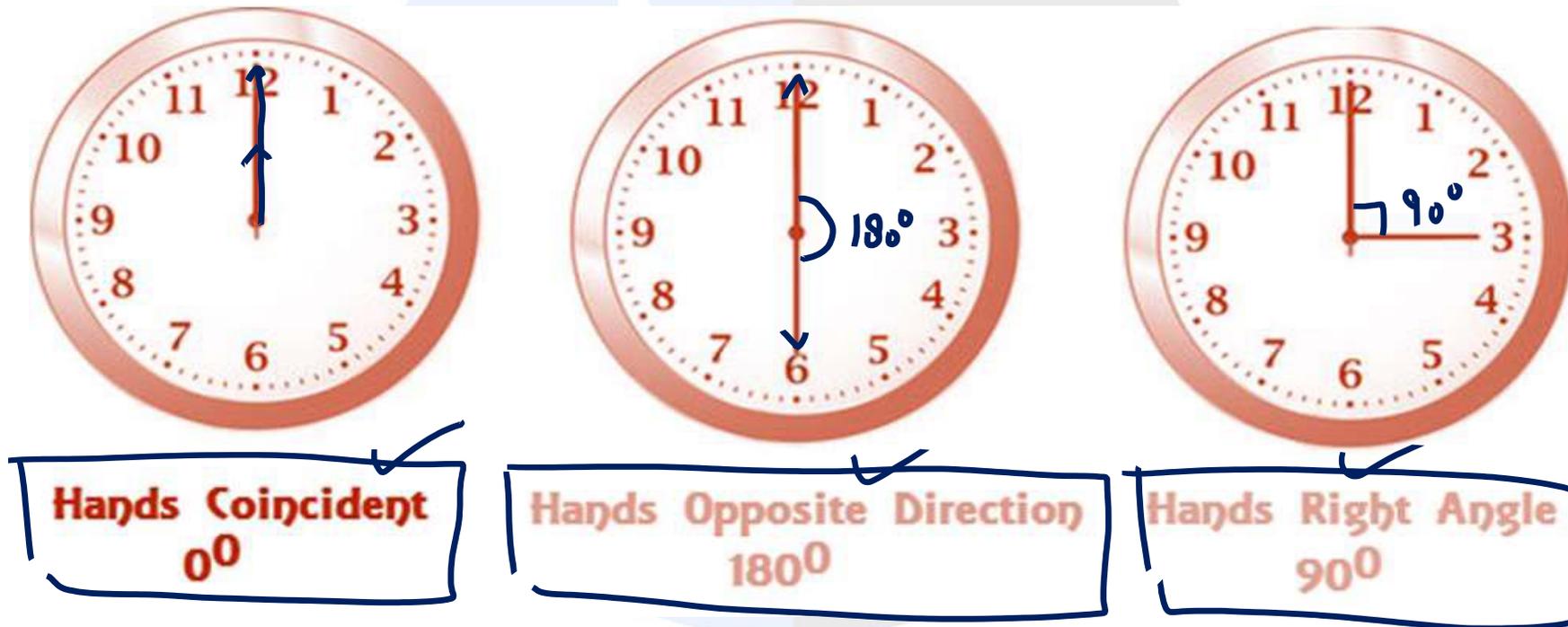
I. **Hour Hand:** The hour hand (or short hand) indicates time in **hours**.

II. **Minute Hand:** The minute hand or long hand indicates time in minutes.

When the hands are coincident, the angle between them is 0°

When the hands point in opposite direction, the angle between them is 180°

The hands are in the same straight line, when they are coincident or opposite to each other. So the angle between the two hands is 0° or 180°



In a period of 12 hours, the hands make an angle of :

- 0° with each other (i.e. they coincide with each other) 11 times.
- 180° with each other (i.e. they lie on the same straight line) 11 times
- 90° or any other angle with each other 22 times

In every hour:

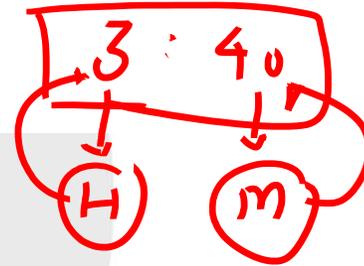
- Both the hands coincide once
- The hands are straight (point in opposite directions) once. In this position, hands are 30 minutes spaces apart.
- The hands are twice at right angles. In this position, hands are 15 minutes spaces apart.

Important formula

Angle between Hours (H) and Minutes (M)

$$= \frac{1}{2} |60H - 11M|$$

mod



$$\text{Angle} = \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 3) - (11 \times 40)|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} |180 - 440|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} |-260|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 260 = 130^\circ$$

Find the angle between hour hand and minute hand of a clock at 05:30.

- (1) 10° (2) 15° (3) 20° (4) 30°

H M

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 5) - (11 \times 30)| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |300 - 330| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 30 = 15^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Q At what time between 5 and 6 O'clock are the hands of a clock together?
 (1) 25(3/11) (2) 26(3/11) ~~(3) 27(3/11)~~ (4) 28(3/11)

0°

Ans

H → 5
M → ?

$$0 = \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 5) - 11m|$$

$$0 = |300 - 11m|$$

$$300 - 11m = 0$$

$$11m = 300$$

$$m = \frac{300}{11} = 27\frac{3}{11}$$

$$11m - 300 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{300}{11}$$

At what time between ^H5 and 6 O' clock will the hands of a clock be at right angle?

- (1) 10 (10/11) minutes past 5 ~~AM~~ (2) 20 (10/11) minutes past 5
 (3) 30 (10/11) minutes past 5 (4) 40 (10/11) minutes past 5

$$90 = \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 5) - 11M|$$

$$180 = |300 - 11M|$$

$$180 = 300 - 11M$$

$$11M = 120$$

$$M = \frac{120}{11} = 10 \frac{10}{11} \text{ min}$$

$$180 = 11M - 300$$

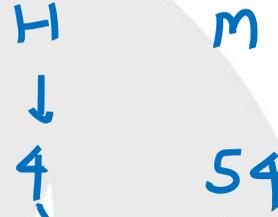
$$11M = 480$$

$$M = \frac{480}{11} = 43 \frac{7}{11} \text{ min}$$

At what time after 4 O' clock, the hour and the minute hands will lie opposite to each other?

- (1) 4 - 50' 31'' (2) 4 - 52' - 51'' (3) 4 - 53' - 23'' (4) 4 - 54' - 33'' Ans

$$\theta = 180^\circ$$



$$180 = \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 4) - 11m|$$

$$360 = |240 - 11m|$$

$$360 = 240 - 11m$$

$$11m = -120$$

$$m = \frac{-120}{11}$$

$$360 = 11m - 240$$

$$11m = 600$$

$$m = \frac{600}{11}$$

Handwritten calculations for the minute hand position:

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \overline{) 600} \\ \underline{55} \\ 50 \\ \underline{44} \\ 6 \end{array}$$

Result: 54 $\frac{6}{11}$

Calculation for seconds:

$$\frac{6}{11} \times 60 = \frac{360}{11} \approx 33 \text{ sec}$$

What is the angle between the minute and hour hand of a clock at 7:35?

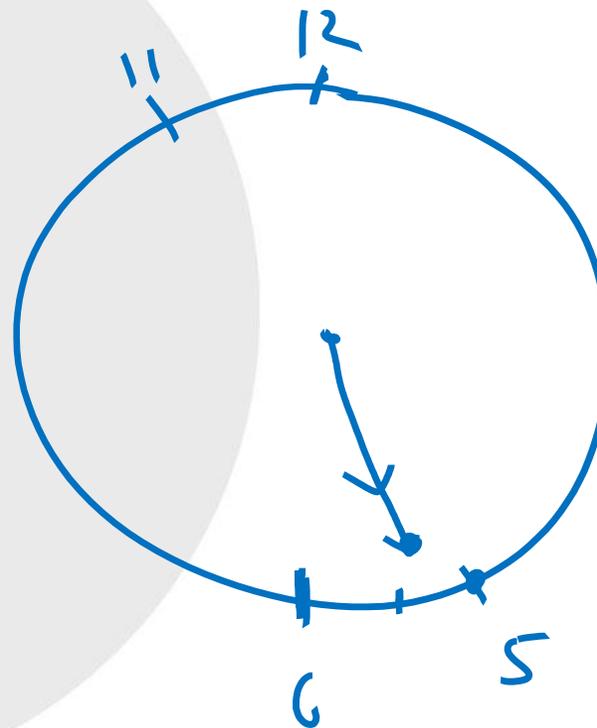
- (1) 0° (2) 17.5° (3) 19.5° (4) 20°

H M

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \frac{1}{2} |(60 \times 7) - (11 \times 35)| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |420 - 385| \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |35| \\ &= 17.5^\circ \end{aligned}$$

At one instant, the hour hand and the minute hand of a clock are one over the other in between the markings for 5 and 6 on the dial. At this instant, the tip of the minute hand:

- (1) is closer to the marking for 6
- (2) is equidistant from the markings for 5 and 6
- ~~(3) is closer to marking for 5~~
- (4) is equidistant from the markings for 11 and 12

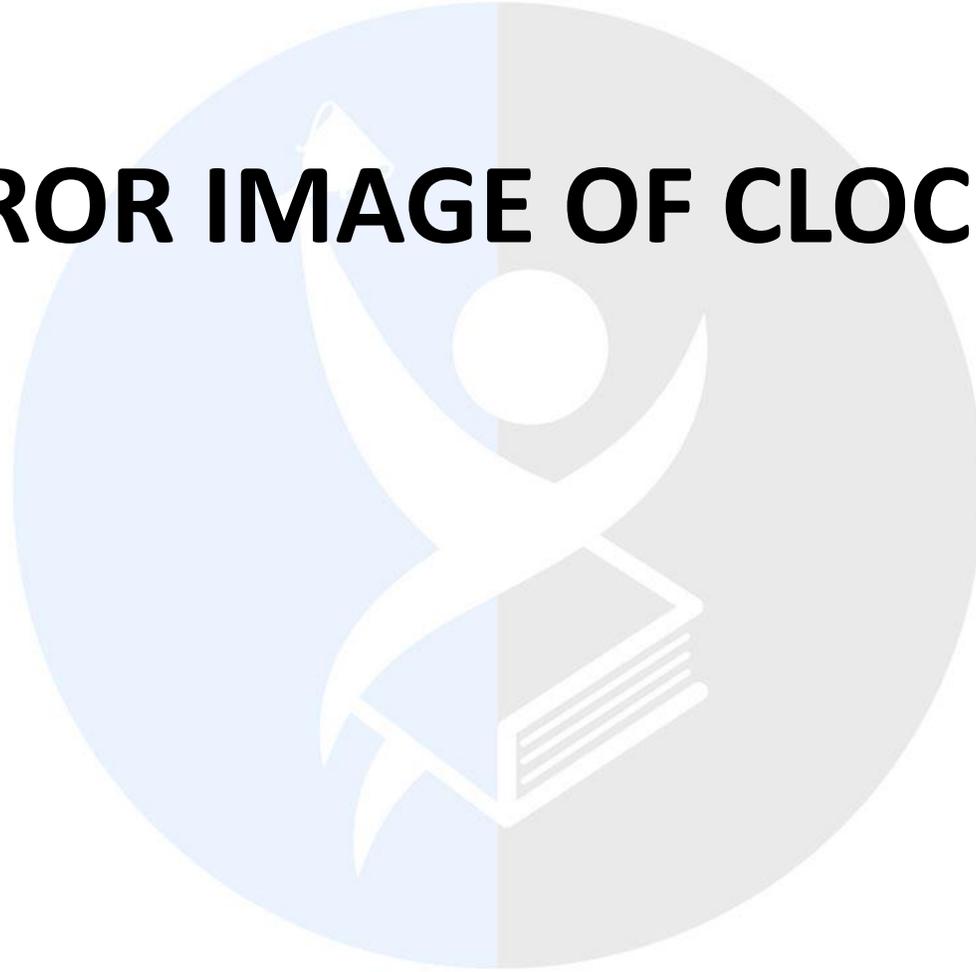


How many times starting at 1:00 pm would the minute and hour hands of a clock make an angle of 40° with each other in the next 6 hours?

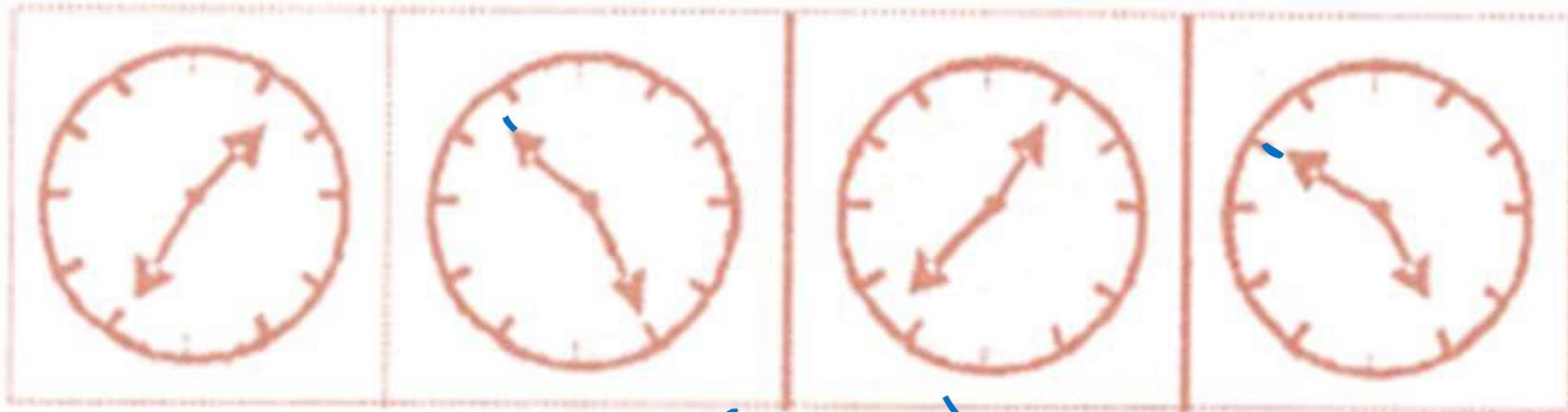
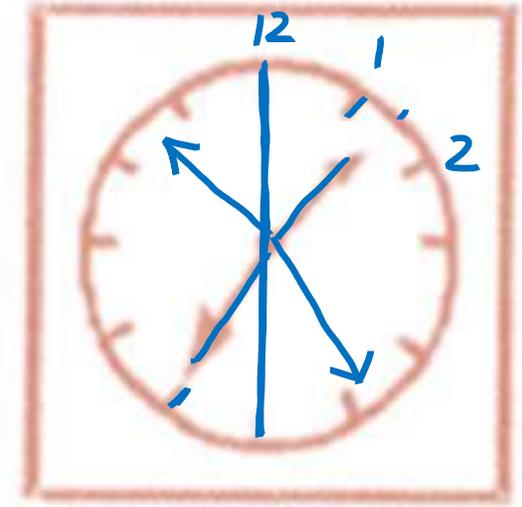
(1) 6 (2) 7 (3) 11 (4) 12



MIRROR IMAGE OF CLOCK



Choose the correct mirror image of below image



(A)

(B) ✓

(C) ✗

(D) ✗

Looking into a mirror, the clock shows 9:30 as the time. The actual time is

- (a) 2:30
- (b) 3:30
- (c) 4:30
- (d) 6:30

$$\begin{array}{r} 11:60 \\ - 9:30 \\ \hline 2:30 \end{array}$$

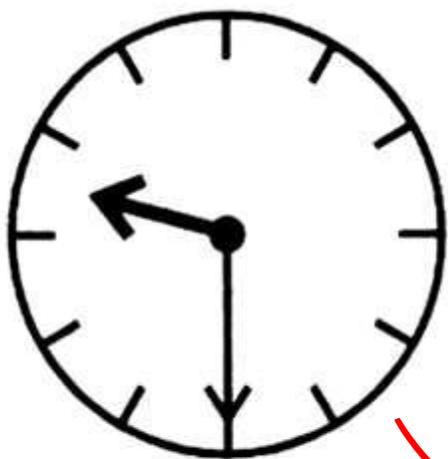


Fig. A

Time = 9 : 30

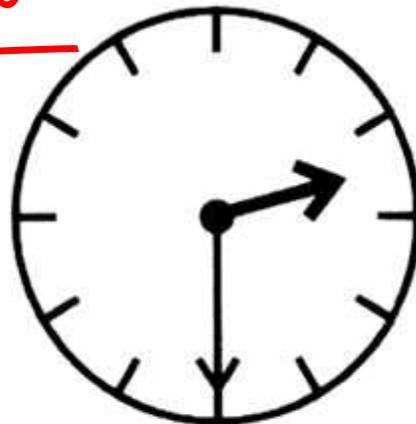
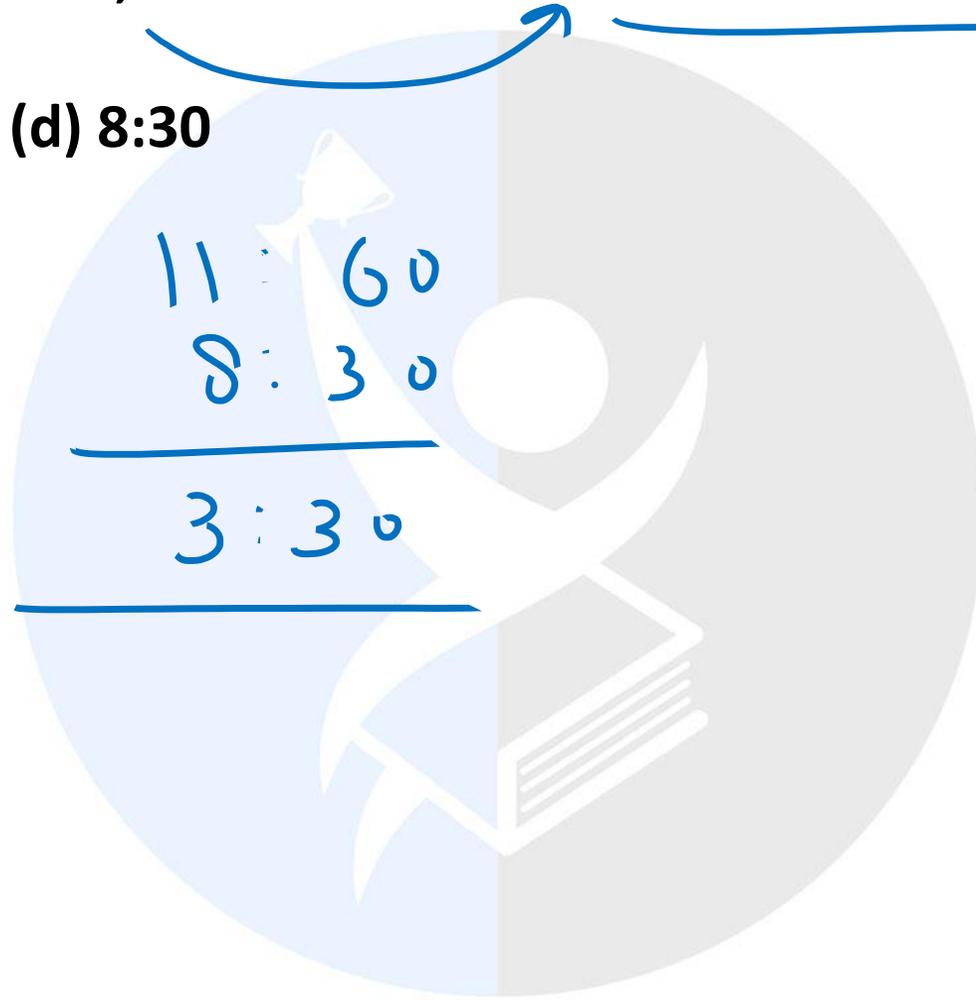


Fig. B

Time = 2 : 30

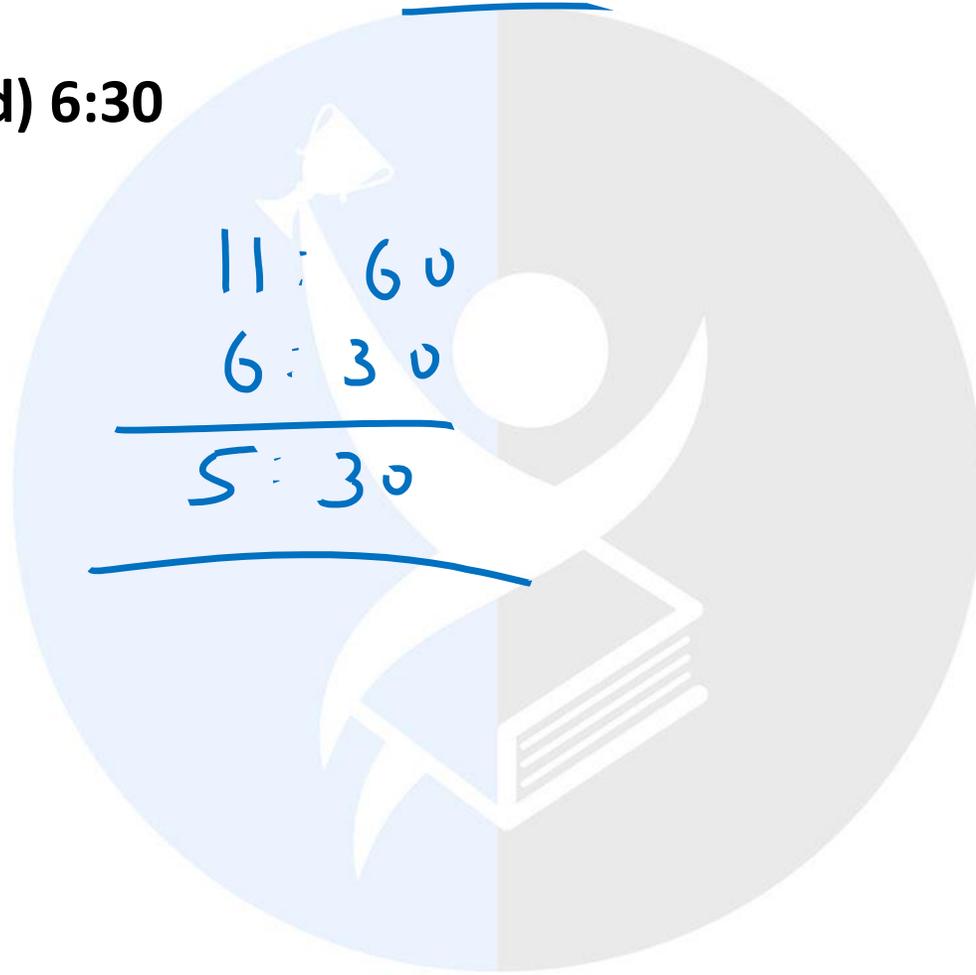
When seen through a mirror, a clock shows 8:30. The correct time is

- (a) 2:30 (b) 3:30 (c) 5:30 (d) 8:30



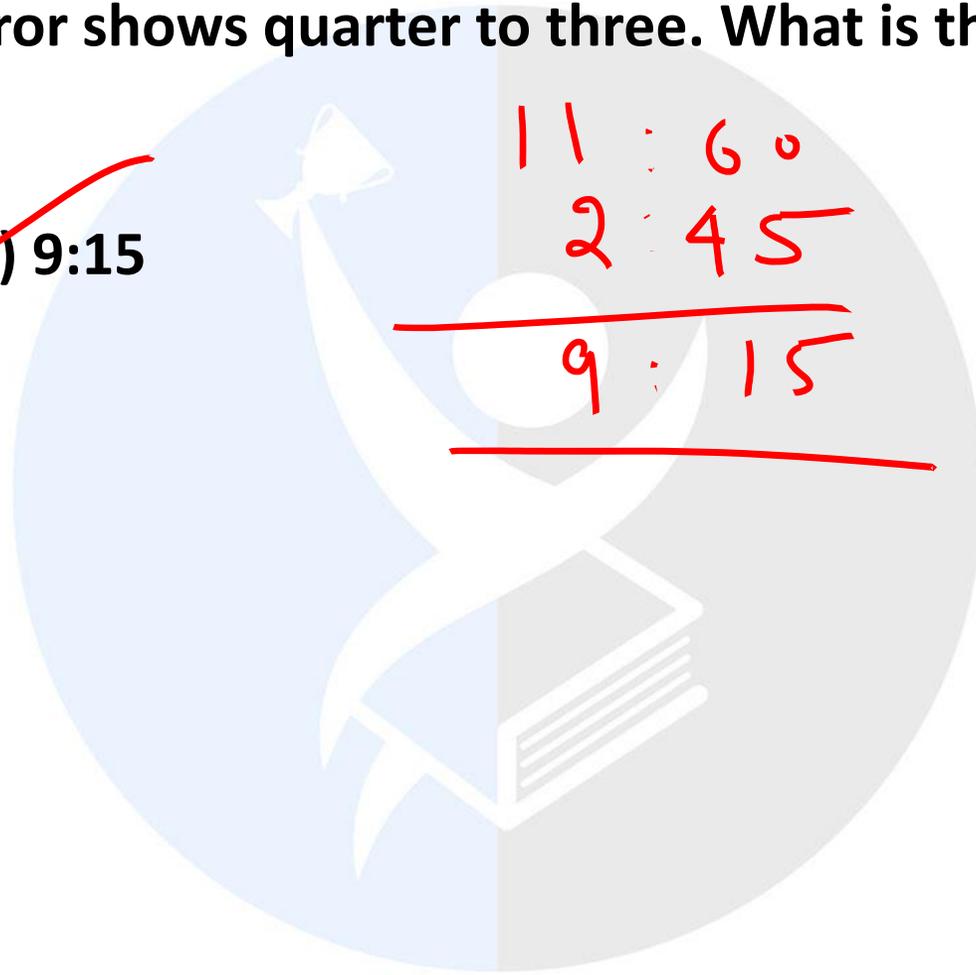
By looking in a mirror, it appears that it is 6:30 in the clock. What is the real time?

- (a) 6:30 (b) 5:30 (c) 6:00 (d) 6:30



A clock seen through a mirror shows quarter to three. What is the correct time shown by the clock?

- (a) 8:15 (b) 9:12 (c) 8:17 (d) 9:15



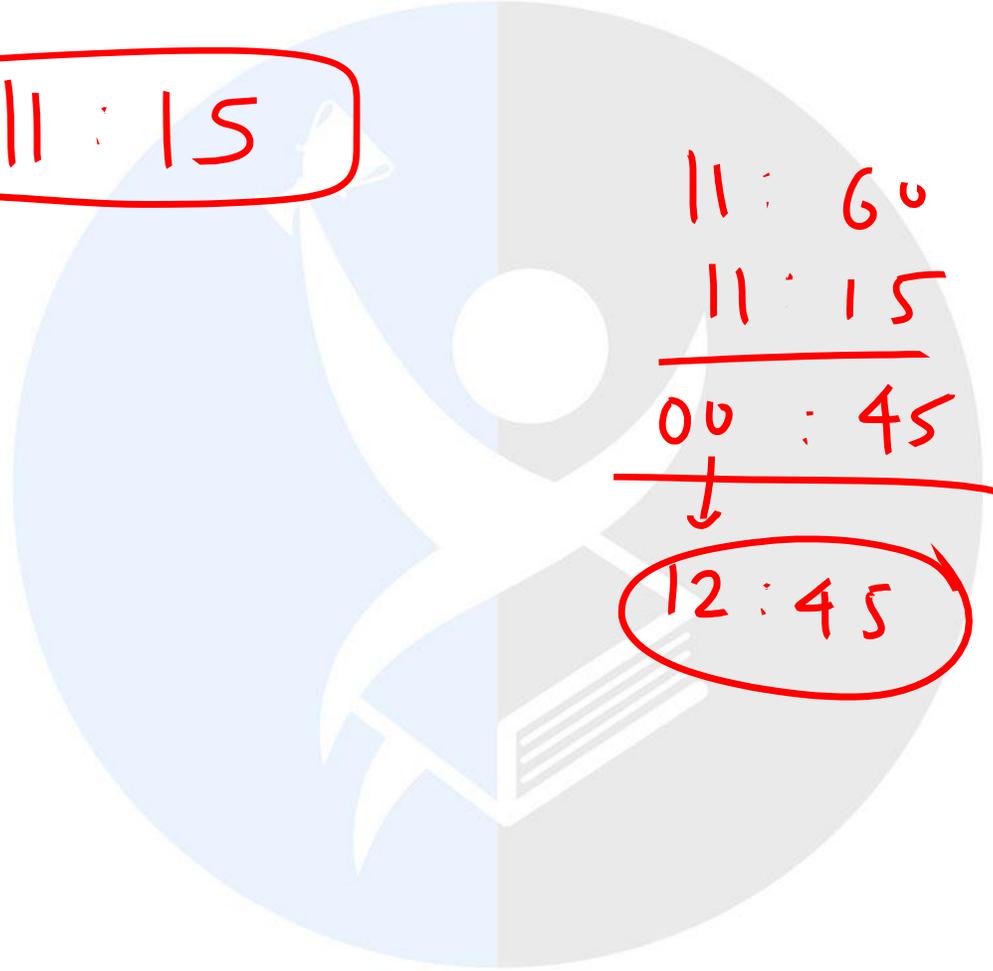
Real →
mirror →

11:15

11:60
11:15

00:45
↓
12:45

00:00





THANK YOU

$$\begin{array}{r} 120 : 40 \\ 00 : 40 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 : 60 \\ 00 : 40 \\ \hline 11 : 20 \end{array}$$